Texas Assessment of Knowledge and Skills - Answer Key

Grade: Exit Level
Subject: ELA
Administration: April 2006

The letter F indicates that the student expectation listed is from the English III TEKS.

Item Number	Correct Answer	Objective Measured	Student Expectations
01	A	01	F.7 (F)
02	F	01	F.6 (E)
03	D	01	F.7 (F)
04	H	02	F.11 (C)
05	A	02	F.11 (D)
06	F	02	F.11 (F)
07	C	02	F.11 (F)
08	F	02	F.11 (C)
09	C	02	F.11 (D)
10	F	03	F.7 (G)
11	B	03	F.7 (G)
12	J	01	F.7 (F)
13	D	01	F.6 (B)
14	G	01	F.7 (F)
15	A	01	F.7 (F)
16	J	01	F.7 (F)
17	D	02	F.11 (D)
18	G	02	F.10 (B)
19	D	03	F.12 (A)
20	F	03	F.7 (G)
21	C	03	F.7 (G)
22	J	03	F.7 (G)
23	B	03	F.7 (E)
24	J	03	F.7 (E)
25	D	03	F.7 (G)
26	G	03	F.20 (C)
27	A	03	F.20 (B)
28	G	03	F.20 (C)
29	*	02	F.10 (B)
30	*	03	F.10 (B)
31	*	03	F.10 (B)
32	H	06	F.2 (C)
33	A	06	F.3 (A)
34	J	06	F.3 (C)
35	D	06	F.2 (C)
36	G	06	F.3 (B)
37	C	06	F.2 (C)
38	F	06	F.3 (B)
39	B	06	F.3 (B)
40	F	06	F.3 (A)
41	D	06	F.3 (B)
42	J	06	F.2 (C)
43	C	06	F.3 (B)
44	F	06	F.3 (B)
45	A	06	F.2 (C)
46	J	06	F.2 (C)
47	C	06	F.3 (B)
48	F	06	F.2 (C)
49	C	06	F.3 (A)
50	G	06	F.3 (A)
51	B	06	F.3 (B)
Writing Task	*	04 & 05	F.1 (B)

*A scoring guide is used to determine the scores for the written composition and short-answer items.

Exit Level English Language Arts

For a more complete description of the objectives measured, please refer to the Revised TAKS Information Booklet for Exit Level English Language Arts at http://www.tea.state.tx.us/student.assessment/taks/booklets/index.html.

Objective 1:   The student will demonstrate a basic understanding of culturally diverse written texts.

(6)   **Reading/word identification/vocabulary development.** The student acquires an extensive vocabulary through reading and systematic word study. The student is expected to

(B)   rely on context to determine meanings of words and phrases such as figurative language, connotation and denotation of words, analogies, [idioms,] and technical vocabulary;

(C)   apply meanings of prefixes, roots, and suffixes in order to comprehend; and

(E)   use reference material such as glossary, dictionary, [thesaurus, and available technology] to determine precise meanings and usage.

(7)   **Reading/comprehension.** The student comprehends selections using a variety of strategies. The student is expected to

(F)   produce summaries of texts by identifying main ideas and their supporting details.

(8)   **Reading/variety of texts.** The student reads extensively and intensively for different purposes and in varied sources, including American literature. The student is expected to

(B)   read in varied sources such as diaries, journals, textbooks, maps, newspapers, letters, speeches, memoranda, [electronic texts, and other media]; and

(C)   read American and other world literature, including classic and contemporary works.

Objective 2:   The student will demonstrate an understanding of the effects of literary elements and techniques in culturally diverse written texts.

(10)   **Reading/literary response.** The student expresses and supports responses to various types of texts. The student is expected to

(B)   use elements of text to defend, clarify, and negotiate responses and interpretations.

(11)   **Reading/literary concepts.** The student analyzes literary elements for their contributions to meaning in literary texts. The student is expected to

(A)   compare and contrast varying aspects of texts such as themes, conflicts, and allusions both within and across texts;

(B)   analyze relevance of setting and time frame to text's meaning;

(C)   describe and analyze the development of plot and identify conflicts and how they are addressed and resolved;

(D)   analyze [the melodies of] literary language, including its use of evocative words and rhythms;

(E)   connect literature to historical contexts, current events, [and his/her own experiences]; and

(F)   understand literary forms and terms such as author, drama, biography, myth, tall tale, dialogue, tragedy and comedy, [structure in poetry, epic, ballad,] protagonist, antagonist, paradox, analogy, dialect, and comic relief as appropriate to the selections being read.

Objective 3:   The student will demonstrate the ability to analyze and critically evaluate culturally diverse written texts and visual representations.

(6)   **Reading/word identification/vocabulary development.** The student acquires an extensive vocabulary through reading and systematic word study. The student is expected to

(F)   discriminate between connotative and denotative meanings and interpret the connotative power of words; and

(G)   read and understand analogies.

(7)   **Reading/comprehension.** The student comprehends selections using a variety of strategies. The student is expected to

(E)   analyze text structures such as compare/contrast, cause/effect, and chronological ordering for how they influence understanding; and

(G)   draw inferences such as conclusions, generalizations, and predictions and support them with text evidence [and experience].

(8)   **Reading/variety of texts.** The student reads extensively and intensively for different purposes in varied sources, including world literature. The student is expected to

(D)   interpret the possible influences of the historical context on a literary work.

(10)   **Reading/literary response.** The student expresses and supports responses to various types of texts. The student is expected to

(B)   use elements of text to defend, clarify, and negotiate responses and interpretations.

(12)   **Reading/analysis/evaluation.** The student reads critically to evaluate texts and the authority of sources. The student is expected to

(A)   analyze the characteristics of clearly written texts, including the patterns of organization, syntax, and word choice;

(B)   evaluate the credibility of information sources, including how the writer's motivation may affect that credibility; and

(C)   recognize logical, deceptive, and/or faulty modes of persuasion in texts.

(19)   **Viewing/representing/interpretation.** The student understands and interprets visual representations. The student is expected to

(B)   analyze relationships, ideas, [and cultures] as represented in various media; and

    (C)   distinguish the purposes of various media forms such as informative texts, entertaining texts, and advertisements.

(20)   **Viewing/representing/analysis.** The student analyzes and critiques the significance of visual representations. The student is expected to

    (B)   deconstruct media to get the main idea of the message's content; and

    (C)   evaluate and critique the persuasive techniques of media messages such as glittering generalities, logical fallacies, and symbols.

Objective 4:   **The student will, within a given context, produce an effective composition for a specific purpose.**

(1)   **Writing/purposes.** The student writes in a variety of forms, including business, personal, literary, and persuasive texts, for various audiences and purposes. The student is expected to

    (B)   write in a voice and style appropriate to audience and purpose; and

    (C)   organize ideas in writing to ensure coherence, logical progression, and support for ideas.

(2)   **Writing/writing processes.** The student uses recursive writing processes when appropriate. The student is expected to

    (B)   develop drafts [both alone and collaboratively] by organizing and reorganizing content and by refining style to suit occasion, audience, and purpose; and

    (C)   proofread writing for appropriateness of organization, content, style, and conventions.

(5)   **Writing/evaluation.** The student evaluates his/her own writing and the writings of others. The student is expected to

    (A)   evaluate writing for both mechanics and content.

Objective 5:   **The student will produce a piece of writing that demonstrates a command of the conventions of spelling, capitalization, punctuation, grammar, usage, and sentence structure.**

(2)   **Writing/writing processes.** The student uses recursive writing processes when appropriate. The student is expected to

    (C)   proofread writing for appropriateness of organization, content, style, and conventions.

(3)   **Writing/grammar/usage/conventions/spelling.** The student relies increasingly on the conventions and mechanics of written English, including the rules of usage and grammar, to write clearly and effectively. The student is expected to

    (A)   produce legible work that shows accurate spelling and correct use of the conventions of punctuation and capitalization [such as italics and ellipses];

(B)   demonstrate control over grammatical elements such as subject-verb agreement, pronoun-antecedent agreement, verb forms, and parallelism; and

(C)   compose increasingly more involved sentences that contain gerunds, participles, and

Objective 6:

Texas Assessment of Knowledge and Skills - Answer Key

Grade: Exit Level
Subject: Mathematics
Administration: April 2006

The letter **A** indicates that the student expectation listed is from the Algebra I TEKS.

The letter **G** indicates that the student expectation listed is from the Geometry TEKS.

Item Number	Correct Answer	Objective Measured	Student Expectations
01	D	04	A.C4 (A)
02	H	08	G.E1 (C)
03	B	08	G.F1 (D)
04	J	03	A.C2 (D)
05	B	09	8.13 (B)
06	F	02	A.B4 (B)
07	D	05	A.D1 (C)
08	H	06	G.C1 (B)
09	C	07	G.D2 (A)
10	J	07	G.E2 (D)
11	D	04	A.C3 (A)
12	F	02	A.B2 (B)
13	B	01	A.B1 (A)
14	H	07	G.D1 (C)
15	B	06	G.C1 (C)
16	G	05	A.D3 (A)
17	D	10	8.14 (C)
18	H	05	A.D2 (B)
19	D	06	G.B4 (A)
20	G	08	G.E1 (D)
21	40	04	A.C3 (B)
22	J	08	G.E1 (B)
23	B	09	8.12 (A)
24	J	10	8.16 (B)
25	C	07	G.D2 (C)
26	G	03	A.C2 (C)
27	A	08	G.E1 (D)
28	H	03	A.C2 (G)
29	B	10	8.14 (B)
30	J	10	8.15 (A)
31	C	07	G.D1 (B)
32	J	04	A.C4 (B)
33	B	06	G.B4 (A)
34	J	09	8.11 (B)
35	A	08	G.E1 (A)
36	G	06	G.E3 (A)
37	A	01	A.B1 (C)
38	H	06	G.C1 (A)
39	A	06	G.C1 (C)
40	J	01	A.B1 (B)
41	B	10	8.14 (A)
42	F	09	8.3 (B)
43	C	05	A.D1 (D)
44	F	10	8.14 (C)
45	B	07	G.D2 (B)
46	F	05	A.D1 (B)
47	D	10	8.14 (B)
48	H	02	A.B4 (A)
49	B	03	A.C2 (E)
50	H	10	8.14 (C)
51	A	08	G.F1 (B)
52	H	03	A.C2 (A)
53	D	09	8.12 (C)
54	G	01	A.B1 (D)
55	B	04	A.C3 (C)
56	H	02	A.B3 (A)
57	D	02	A.B2 (A)
58	F	10	8.14 (A)
59	C	01	A.B1 (E)
60	G	07	G.D1 (C)

Exit Level Mathematics

For a more complete description of the objectives measured, please refer to the Revised TAKS Information Booklet for Exit Level Mathematics at
http://www.tea.state.tx.us/student.assessment/taks/booklets/index.html.

Objective 1: **The student will describe functional relationships in a variety of ways.**

A(b)(1) **Foundations for functions.** The student understands that a function represents a dependence of one quantity on another and can be described in a variety of ways.

(A)   The student describes independent and dependent quantities in functional relationships.

(B)   The student [gathers and records data, or] uses data sets, to determine functional (systematic) relationships between quantities.

(C)   The student describes functional relationships for given problem situations and writes equations or inequalities to answer questions arising from the situations.

(D)   The student represents relationships among quantities using [concrete] models, tables, graphs, diagrams, verbal descriptions, equations, and inequalities.

(E)   The student interprets and makes inferences from functional relationships.

Objective 2: **The student will demonstrate an understanding of the properties and attributes of functions.**

A(b)(2) **Foundations for functions.** The student uses the properties and attributes of functions.

(A)   The student identifies [and sketches] the general forms of linear ($y = x$) and quadratic ($y = x^2$) parent functions.

(B)   For a variety of situations, the student identifies the mathematical domains and ranges and determines reasonable domain and range values for given situations.

(C)   The student interprets situations in terms of given graphs [or creates situations that fit given graphs].

(D)   In solving problems, the student [collects and] organizes data, [makes and] interprets scatterplots, and models, predicts, and makes decisions and critical judgments.

A(b)(3) **Foundations for functions.** The student understands how algebra can be used to express generalizations and recognizes and uses the power of symbols to represent situations.

(A)   The student uses symbols to represent unknowns and variables.

(B)   Given situations, the student looks for patterns and represents generalizations algebraically.

A(b)(4) **Foundations for functions.** The student understands the importance of the skills required to manipulate symbols in order to solve problems and uses the necessary algebraic skills required to simplify algebraic expressions and solve equations and inequalities in problem situations.

(A)   The student finds specific function values, simplifies polynomial expressions, transforms and solves equations, and factors as necessary in problem situations.

(B)   The student uses the commutative, associative, and distributive properties to simplify algebraic expressions.

Objective 3:   The student will demonstrate an understanding of linear functions.

A(c)(1) **Linear functions.** The student understands that linear functions can be represented in different ways and translates among their various representations.

(A)   The student determines whether or not given situations can be presented by linear functions.

(C)   The student translates among and uses algebraic, tabular, graphical, or verbal descriptions of linear functions.

A(c)(2) **Linear Functions.** The student understands the meaning of the slope and intercepts of linear functions and interprets and describes the effects of changes in parameters of linear functions in real-world and mathematical situations.

(A)   The student develops the concepts of slope as a rate of change and determines slopes from graphs, tables, and algebraic expressions.

(B)   The student interprets the meaning of slope and intercepts in situations using data, symbolic representations, or graphs.

(C)   The student investigates, describes, and predicts the effects of changes in m and b on the graph of $y = mx + b$.

(D)   The student graphs and writes equations of lines given characteristics, such as two points, a point and a slope, or a slope and y-intercept.

(E)   The student determines the intercepts of linear functions from graphs, tables, and algebraic representations.

(F)   The student interprets and predicts the effects of changing slope and y-intercept in applied situations.

(G)   The student relates direct variation to linear functions and solves problems involving proportional change.

Objective 4:   The student will formulate and use linear equations and inequalities.

A(c)(3) **Linear functions.** The student formulates equations and inequalities based on linear functions, uses a variety of methods to solve them, and analyzes the solutions in terms of the situation.

(A)   The student analyzes situations involving linear functions and formulates linear equations or inequalities to solve problems.

(B)   The student investigates methods for solving linear equations and inequalities using [concrete] models, graphs, and the properties of equality, selects a method, and solves the equations and inequalities.

(C)   For given contexts, the student interprets and determines the reasonableness of solutions to linear equations and inequalities.

A(c)(4) **Linear functions.** The student formulates systems of linear equations from problem situations, uses a variety of methods to solve them, and analyzes the solutions in terms of the situation.

    (A)   The student analyzes situations and formulates systems of linear equations to solve problems.

    (B)   The student solves systems of linear equations using [concrete] models, graphs, tables, and algebraic methods.

    (C)   For given contexts, the student interprets and determines the reasonableness of solutions to systems of linear equations.

Objective 5:   **The student will demonstrate an understanding of quadratic and other nonlinear functions.**

A(d)(1) **Quadratic and other nonlinear functions.** The student understands that the graphs of quadratic functions are affected by the parameters of the function and can interpret and describe the effects of changes in the parameters of quadratic functions.

    (B)   The student investigates, describes, and predicts the effects of changes in a on the graph of $y = ax^2$.

    (C)   The student investigates, describes, and predicts the effects of changes in c on the graph of $y = x^2 + c$.

    (D)   For problem situations, the student analyzes graphs of quadratic functions and draws conclusions.

A(d)(2) **Quadratic and other nonlinear functions.** The student understands there is more than one way to solve a quadratic equation and solves them using appropriate methods.

    (A)   The student solves quadratic equations using [concrete] models, tables, graphs, and algebraic methods.

    (B)   The student relates the solutions of quadratic equations to the roots of their functions.

A(d)(3) **Quadratic and other nonlinear functions.** The student understands there are situations modeled by functions that are neither linear nor quadratic and models the situations.

    (A)   The student uses [patterns to generate] the laws of exponents and applies them in problem-solving situations.

Objective 6:   **The student will demonstrate an understanding of geometric relationships and spatial reasoning.**

G(b)(4) **Geometric structure.** The student uses a variety of representations to describe geometric relationships and solve problems.

    (A)   The student selects an appropriate representation ([concrete,] pictorial, graphical, verbal, or symbolic) in order to solve problems.

G(c)(1) **Geometric patterns.** The student identifies, analyzes, and describes patterns that emerge from two- and three-dimensional geometric figures.

(A) The student uses numeric and geometric patterns to make generalizations about geometric properties, including properties of polygons, ratios in similar figures and solids, and angle relationships in polygons and circles.

(B) The student uses the properties of transformations and their compositions to make connections between mathematics and the real world in applications such as tessellations or fractals.

(C) The student identifies and applies patterns from right triangles to solve problems, including special right triangles (45-45-90 and 30-60-90) and triangles whose sides are Pythagorean triples.

G(e)(3) **Congruence and the geometry of size.** The student applies the concept of congruence to justify properties of figures and solve problems.

(A) The student uses congruence transformations to make conjectures and justify properties of geometric figures.

Objective 7: **The student will demonstrate an understanding of two- and three-dimensional representations of geometric relationships and shapes.**

G(d)(1) **Dimensionality and the geometry of location.** The student analyzes the relationship between three-dimensional objects and related two-dimensional representations and uses these representations to solve problems.

(B) The student uses nets to represent [and construct] three-dimensional objects.

(C) The student uses top, front, side, and corner views of three-dimensional objects to create accurate and complete representations and solve problems.

G(d)(2) **Dimensionality and the geometry of location.** The student understands that coordinate systems provide convenient and efficient ways of representing geometric figures and uses them accordingly.

(A) The student uses one- and two-dimensional coordinate systems to represent points, lines, line segments, and figures.

(B) The student uses slopes and equations of lines to investigate geometric relationships, including parallel lines, perpendicular lines, and [special segments of] triangles and other polygons.

(C) The student [develops and] uses formulas, including distance and midpoint.

G(e)(2) **Congruence and the geometry of size.** The student analyzes properties and describes relationships in geometric figures.

(D) The student analyzes the characteristics of three-dimensional figures and their component parts.

Objective 8:   The student will demonstrate an understanding of the concepts and uses of measurement and similarity.

G(e)(1) **Congruence and the geometry of size.** The student extends measurement concepts to find area, perimeter, and volume in problem situations.

(A)   The student finds area of regular polygons and composite figures.

(B)   The student finds areas of sectors and arc lengths of circles using proportional reasoning.

(C)   The student [develops, extends and] uses the Pythagorean Theorem.

(D)   The student finds surface area and volumes of prisms, pyramids, spheres, cones, and cylinders in problem situations.

G(f)(1) **Similarity and the geometry of shape.** The student applies the concepts of similarity to justify properties of figures and solve problems.

(A)   The student uses similarity properties and transformations to [explore and] justify conjectures about geometric figures.

(B)   The student uses ratios to solve problems involving similar figures.

(C)   In a variety of ways, the student [develops,] applies, and justifies triangle similarity relationships, such as right triangle ratios, [trigonometric ratios,] and Pythagorean triples.

(D)   The student describes the effect on perimeter, area, and volume when length, width, or height of a three-dimensional solid is changed and applies this idea in solving problems.

Objective 9:   The student will demonstrate an understanding of percents, proportional relationships, probability, and statistics in application problems.

(8.3) **Patterns, relationships, and algebraic thinking.** The student identifies proportional relationships in problem situations and solves problems. The student is expected to

(B)   estimate and find solutions to application problems involving percents and proportional relationships, such as similarity and rates.

(8.11) **Probability and statistics.** The student applies the concepts of theoretical and experimental probability to make predictions. The student is expected to

(A)   find the probabilities of compound events (dependent and independent); and

(B)   use theoretical probabilities and experimental results to make predictions and decisions.

(8.12) **Probability and statistics.** The student uses statistical procedures to describe data. The student is expected to

(A)   select the appropriate measure of central tendency to describe a set of data for a particular purpose; and

(C)   construct circle graphs, bar graphs, and histograms, with and without technology.

(8.13) **Probability and statistics.** The student evaluates predictions and conclusions based on statistical data. The student is expected to

    (B)   recognize misuses of graphical or numerical information and evaluate predictions and conclusions based on data analysis.

Objective 10: **The student will demonstrate an understanding of the mathematical processes and tools used in problem solving.**

(8.14) **Underlying processes and mathematical tools.** The student applies Grade 8 mathematics to solve problems connected to everyday experiences, investigations in other disciplines, and activities in and outside of school. The student is expected to

    (A)   identify and apply mathematics to everyday experiences, to activities in and outside of school, with other disciplines, and with other mathematical topics;

    (B)   use a problem-solving model that incorporates understanding the problem, making a plan, carrying out the plan, and evaluating the solution for reasonableness; and

    (C)   select or develop an appropriate problem-solving strategy from a variety of different types, including drawing a picture, looking for a pattern, systematic guessing and checking, acting it out, making a table, working a simpler problem, or working backwards to solve a problem.

(8.15) **Underlying processes and mathematical tools.** The student communicates about Grade 8 mathematics through informal and mathematical language, representations, and models. The student is expected to

    (A)   communicate mathematical ideas using language, efficient tools, appropriate units, and graphical, numerical, physical, or algebraic mathematical models.

(8.16) **Underlying processes and mathematical tools.** The student uses logical reasoning to make conjectures and verify conclusions. The student is expected to

    (A)   make conjectures from patterns or sets of examples and nonexamples; and

    (B)   validate his/her conclusions using mathematical properties and relationships.

Texas Assessment of Knowledge and Skills - Answer Key

Grade: Exit Level
Subject: Science
Administration: April 2006

The letter **B** indicates that the student expectation listed is from the Biology I TEKS.

The letter **I** indicates that the student expectation listed is from the Integrated Physics and Chemistry TEKS.

Item Number	Correct Answer	Objective Measured	Student Expectations
01	B	04	I.7 (A)
02	F	01	B.2 (C)
03	B	03	B.12 (E)
04	F	05	I.6 (D)
05	B	01	B.2 (A)
06	J	05	I.5 (B)
07	A	02	B.6 (C)
08	H	02	B.4 (B)
09	D	04	I.7 (D)
10	G	02	B.10 (B)
11	D	04	I.8 (A)
12	H	05	I.4 (A)
13	B	03	B.9 (D)
14	G	03	B.4 (C)
15	A	03	B.9 (D)
16	J	04	I.8 (C)
17	C	05	I.5 (B)
18	J	05	I.4 (A)
19	A	01	B.1 (A)
20	200	01	B.2 (C)
21	D	04	I.9 (D)
22	H	05	I.4 (D)
23	A	04	I.7 (A)
24	J	01	B.2 (C)
25	D	04	I.9 (A)
26	G	01	B.2 (D)
27	C	01	B.2 (A)
28	H	01	B.2 (D)
29	C	05	I.4 (D)
30	G	01	I.3 (A)
31	C	02	B.6 (C)
32	J	05	I.4 (A)
33	A	01	B.2 (B)
34	G	03	B.12 (B)
35	A	02	B.4 (B)
36	J	04	I.9 (D)
37	B	05	I.6 (D)
38	G	04	I.7 (D)
39	C	01	I.3 (B)
40	J	02	B.6 (A)
41	A	01	B.2 (A)
42	J	04	I.7 (D)
43	C	01	B.2 (A)
44	J	03	B.7 (B)
45	A	02	B.6 (A)
46	J	01	B.2 (C)
47	D	03	B.4 (C)
48	F	01	B.2 (D)
49	D	02	B.4 (B)
50	F	05	I.4 (D)
51	C	01	B.2 (D)
52	G	05	I.4 (B)
53	B	04	I.7 (D)
54	J	03	B.7 (B)
55	C	01	B.2 (B)

Exit Level Science

For a more complete description of the objectives measured, please refer to the Revised TAKS Information Booklet for Exit Level Science at
http://www.tea.state.tx.us/student.assessment/taks/booklets/index.html.

Objective 1: **The student will demonstrate an understanding of the nature of science.**

Biology (1) and Integrated Physics and Chemistry (1) Scientific Processes. The student, for at least 40% of instructional time, conducts field and laboratory investigations using safe, environmentally appropriate, and ethical practices. The student is expected to

    (A)   demonstrate safe practices during field and laboratory investigations.

Biology (2) and Integrated Physics and Chemistry (2) Scientific Processes. The student uses scientific methods during field and laboratory investigations. The student is expected to

    (A)   plan and implement investigative procedures including asking questions, formulating testable hypotheses, and selecting equipment and technology;

    (B)   collect data and make measurements with precision;

    (C)   organize, analyze, evaluate, make inferences, and predict trends from data; and

    (D)   communicate valid conclusions.

Integrated Physics and Chemistry (3) Scientific Processes. The student uses critical thinking and scientific problem solving to make informed decisions. The student is expected to

    (A)   analyze, review, [and critique] scientific explanations, including hypotheses and theories, as to their strengths and weaknesses using scientific evidence and information; and

    (B)   draw inferences based on data related to [promotional materials for] products and services.

Objective 2: **The student will demonstrate an understanding of the organization of living systems.**

Biology (4) Science Concepts. The student knows that cells are the basic structures of all living things and have specialized parts that perform specific functions, and that viruses are different from cells and have different properties and functions. The student is expected to

    (B)   investigate and identify cellular processes including homeostasis, permeability, energy production, transportation of molecules, disposal of wastes, function of cellular parts, and synthesis of new molecules.

Biology (6) Science Concepts. The student knows the structures and functions of nucleic acids in the mechanisms of genetics. The student is expected to

    (A)   describe components of deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA), and illustrate how information for specifying the traits of an organism is carried in the DNA;

    (B)   explain replication, transcription, and translation using models of DNA and ribonucleic acid (RNA); and

(C)   identify and illustrate how changes in DNA cause mutations and evaluate the significance of these changes.

Biology (8) Science Concepts. The student knows applications of taxonomy and can identify its limitations. The student is expected to

(C)   identify characteristics of kingdoms including monerans, protists, fungi, plants, and animals. **

**The TAKS will use the most current classification system.

Biology (10) Science Concepts. The student knows that, at all levels of nature, living systems are found within other living systems, each with its own boundary and limits. The student is expected to

(A)   interpret the functions of systems in organisms including circulatory, digestive, nervous, endocrine, reproductive, integumentary, skeletal, respiratory, muscular, excretory, and immune; and

(B)   compare the interrelationships of organ systems to each other and to the body as a whole.

Objective 3:   The student will demonstrate an understanding of the interdependence of organisms and the environment.

Biology (4) Science Concepts. The student knows that cells are the basic structures of all living things and have specialized parts that perform specific functions, and that viruses are different from cells and have different properties and functions. The student is expected to

(C)   compare the structures and functions of viruses to cells and describe the role of viruses in causing diseases and conditions such as acquired immune deficiency syndrome, common colds, smallpox, influenza, and warts; and

(D)   identify and describe the role of bacteria in maintaining health such as in digestion and in causing diseases such as in streptococcus infections and diphtheria.

Biology (7) Science Concepts. The student knows the theory of biological evolution. The student is expected to

(A)   identify evidence of change in species using fossils, DNA sequences, anatomical similarities, physiological similarities, and embryology; and

(B)   illustrate the results of natural selection in speciation, diversity, phylogeny, adaptation, behavior, and extinction.

Biology (9) Science Concepts. The student knows metabolic processes and energy transfers that occur in living organisms. The student is expected to

(D)   analyze the flow of matter and energy through different trophic levels and between organisms and the physical environment.

Biology (12) Science Concepts. The student knows that interdependence and interactions occur within an ecosystem. The student is expected to

    (B)   interpret interactions among organisms exhibiting predation, parasitism, commensalism, and mutualism; and

    (E)   investigate and explain the interactions in an ecosystem including food chains, food webs, and food pyramids.

Biology (13) Science Concepts. The student knows the significance of plants in the environment. The student is expected to

    (A)   evaluate the significance of structural and physiological adaptations of plants to their environments.

Objective 4:   **The student will demonstrate an understanding of the structures and properties of matter.**

Integrated Physics and Chemistry (7) Science Concepts. The student knows relationships exist between properties of matter and its components. The student is expected to

    (A)   investigate and identify properties of fluids including density, viscosity, and buoyancy; and

    (D)   relate the chemical behavior of an element including bonding, to its placement on the periodic table.

Integrated Physics and Chemistry (8) Science Concepts. The student knows that changes in matter affect everyday life. The student is expected to

    (A)   distinguish between physical and chemical changes in matter such as oxidation, digestion, changes in states, and stages in the rock cycle; and

    (C)   investigate and identify the law of conservation of mass.

Integrated Physics and Chemistry (9) Science Concepts. The student knows how solution chemistry is a part of everyday life. The student is expected to

    (A)   relate the structure of water to its function [as the universal solvent];

    (B)   relate the concentration of ions in a solution to physical and chemical properties such as pH, electrolytic behavior, and reactivity; and

    (D)   demonstrate how various factors influence solubility including temperature, pressure, and nature of the solute and solvent.

Objective 5:   **The student will demonstrate an understanding of motion, forces, and energy.**

Integrated Physics and Chemistry (4) Science Concepts. The student knows concepts of force and motion evident in everyday life. The student is expected to

    (A)   calculate speed, momentum, acceleration, work, and power in systems such as in the human body, moving toys, and machines;

(B)   investigate and describe applications of Newton's laws such as in vehicle restraints, sports activities, geological processes, and satellite orbits; and

(D)   investigate and demonstrate [mechanical advantage and] efficiency of various machines such as levers, motors, wheels and axles, pulleys, and ramps.

Integrated Physics and Chemistry (5) Science Concepts. The student knows the effects of waves on everyday life. The student is expected to

(B)   demonstrate wave interactions including interference, polarization, reflection, refraction, and resonance within various materials.

Integrated Physics and Chemistry (6) Science Concepts. The student knows the impact of energy transformations in everyday life. The student is expected to

(A)   describe the law of conservation of energy;

(B)   investigate and demonstrate the movement of heat through solids, liquids, and gases by convection, conduction, and radiation; and

(D)   investigate and compare economic and environmental impacts of using various energy sources such as rechargeable or disposable batteries and solar cells.

Texas Assessment of Knowledge and Skills - Answer Key

Grade: Exit Level
Subject: Social Studies
Administration: April 2006

The letter W indicates that the student expectation listed is from the World History TEKS.

The letter G indicates that the student expectation listed is from the World Geography TEKS.

The letter H indicates that the student expectation listed is from the U.S. History Since Reconstruction TEKS.

Item Number	Correct Answer	Objective Measured	Student Expectations
01	B	02	G.6 (A)
02	G	05	G.21 (C)
03	D	01	8.4 (C)
04	G	04	H.17 (A)
05	D	02	G.1 (B)
06	J	04	8.20 (A)
07	A	01	H.6 (A)
08	H	02	H.9 (A)
09	B	03	H.13 (E)
10	J	05	G.21 (C)
11	B	03	H.13 (A)
12	G	03	H.21 (D)
13	A	05	H.24 (B)
14	G	03	H.14 (E)
15	D	04	H.18 (B)
16	G	03	H.21 (A)
17	B	02	W.23 (A)
18	J	05	G.21 (C)
19	D	03	H.14 (E)
20	F	05	W.26 (C)
21	C	01	8.4 (C)
22	G	03	H.7 (B)
23	C	03	H.14 (E)
24	G	01	H.3 (B)
25	D	01	8.16 (C)
26	H	01	H.6 (E)
27	A	01	H.3 (A)
28	F	05	W.26 (C)
29	C	01	H.6 (E)
30	F	04	8.16 (A)
31	B	02	H.8 (B)
32	J	02	H.9 (A)
33	C	01	H.5 (B)
34	J	03	H.2 (B)
35	D	01	H.3 (D)
36	G	04	8.22 (B)
37	A	04	H.7 (C)
38	H	04	H.4 (A)
39	A	02	H.10 (B)
40	F	01	H.5 (A)
41	D	04	H.7 (C)
42	J	05	G.21 (C)
43	A	05	H.24 (A)
44	F	02	G.1 (B)
45	A	03	H.14 (A)
46	G	01	8.1 (C)
47	B	05	H.24 (C)
48	G	02	W.23 (A)
49	B	03	H.22 (A)
50	J	05	W.26 (C)
51	B	01	H.3 (D)
52	H	04	8.22 (B)
53	D	03	H.13 (B)
54	F	05	G.8 (B)
55	B	03	H.2 (C)

Exit Level Social Studies

For a more complete description of the objectives measured, please refer to the Revised TAKS Information Booklet for Exit Level Social Studies at http://www.tea.state.tx.us/student.assessment/taks/booklets/index.html.

Objective 1: **The student will demonstrate an understanding of issues and events in U.S. history.**

(8.1) **History.** The student understands traditional historical points of reference in U.S. history through 1877. The student is expected to

    (C)   explain the significance of the following dates: [1607,] 1776, 1787, [1803,] and 1861-1865.

(8.4) **History.** The student understands significant political and economic issues of the revolutionary era. The student is expected to

    (B)   explain the roles played by significant individuals during the American Revolution, including [Samuel Adams, Benjamin Franklin, King George III,] Thomas Jefferson, [the Marquis de Lafayette, Thomas Paine,] and George Washington; and

    (C)   explain the issues surrounding [important events of] the American Revolution, including declaring independence; [writing] the Articles of Confederation, [fighting the battles of Lexington, Concord, Saratoga, and Yorktown; and signing the Treaty of Paris].

(8.16) **Government.** The student understands the American beliefs and principles reflected in the U.S. Constitution and other important historic documents. The student is expected to

    (C)   identify colonial grievances listed in the Declaration of Independence and explain how those grievances were addressed in the U.S. Constitution and the Bill of Rights.

(US1) **History.** The student understands traditional historical points of reference in U.S. history from 1877 to the present. The student is expected to

    (A)   identify the major eras in U.S. history from 1877 to the present and describe their defining characteristics;

    (B)   apply absolute and relative chronology through the sequencing of significant individuals, events, and time periods; and

    (C)   explain the significance of the following dates: 1898, 1914-1918, 1929, 1941-1945, [and 1957].

(US3) **History.** The student understands the emergence of the United States as a world power between 1898 and 1920. The student is expected to

    (A)   explain why significant events and individuals, including the Spanish-American War, U.S. expansionism, [Henry Cabot Lodge, Alfred Thayer Mahan,] and Theodore Roosevelt, moved the United States into the position of a world power;

    (B)   identify the reasons for U.S. involvement in World War I, including unrestricted submarine warfare; and

    (D)   analyze major issues raised by U.S. involvement in World War I, Wilson's Fourteen Points, and the Treaty of Versailles.

(US5) **History.** The student understands significant individuals, events, and issues of the 1920s. The student is expected to

    (A)   analyze causes and effects of significant issues such as immigration, the Red Scare, Prohibition, and the changing role of women; and

    (B)   analyze the impact of significant individuals such as Clarence Darrow, William Jennings Bryan, Henry Ford, and Charles A. Lindbergh.

(US6) **History.** The student understands the impact of significant national and international decisions and conflicts from World War II and the Cold War to the present on the United States. The student is expected to

    (A)   identify reasons for U.S. involvement in World War II, including the growth of dictatorships and the attack on Pearl Harbor;

    (B)   analyze major issues and events of World War II such as fighting the war on multiple fronts, the internment of Japanese-Americans, the Holocaust, the battle of Midway, the invasion of Normandy, and the development of and Harry Truman's decision to use the atomic bomb;

    (D)   describe U.S. responses to Soviet aggression after World War II, including the Truman Doctrine, the Marshall Plan, the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, [and the Berlin airlift];

    (E)   analyze the conflicts in Korea and Vietnam and describe their domestic and international effects; and

    (F)   describe the impact of the GI Bill, [the election of 1948,] McCarthyism, and Sputnik I.

Objective 2:   **The student will demonstrate an understanding of geographic influences on historical issues and events.**

(US8) **Geography.** The student uses geographic tools to collect, analyze, and interpret data. The student is expected to

    (B)   [pose and] answer questions about geographic distributions and patterns shown on maps, graphs, charts, models, [and databases].

(US9) **Geography.** The student understands the impact of geographic factors on major events. The student is expected to

    (A)   analyze the effects of physical and human geographic factors on major events including the building of the Panama Canal.

(US10) **Geography.** The student understands the effects of migration and immigration on American society. The student is expected to

    (A)   analyze the effects of changing demographic patterns resulting from migration within the United States; and

    (B)   analyze the effects of changing demographic patterns resulting from immigration to the United States.

(US11) **Geography.** The student understands the relationship between population growth and modernization on the physical environment. The student is expected to

    (A)   identify the effects of population growth [and distribution and predict future effects] on the physical environment.

(WG1) **History.** The student understands how geographic contexts (the geography of places in the past) and processes of spatial exchange (diffusion) influenced events in the past and helped to shape the present. The student is expected to

    (A)   analyze the effects of physical and human geographic patterns and processes on events in the past [and describe their effects on present conditions, including significant physical features and environmental conditions that influenced migration patterns in the past and shaped the distribution of culture groups today] (correlates with WH12B); and

    (B)   trace the spatial diffusion of a phenomenon and describe its effects on regions of contact such as the spread of bubonic plague, the diffusion and exchange of foods between the New and Old Worlds, [or the diffusion of American slang] (correlates with WH11B).

(WG6) **Geography.** The student understands the types and patterns of settlement, the factors that affect where people settle, and processes of settlement development over time. The student is expected to

    (A)   [locate settlements and] observe patterns in the size and distribution of cities using maps, graphics, and other information (correlates with WH26C).

(WH23) **Science, technology, and society.** The student understands how major scientific and mathematical discoveries and technological innovations have affected societies throughout history. The student is expected to

    (A)   give examples of [major mathematical and scientific discoveries and] technological innovations that occurred at different periods in history and describe the changes produced by these discoveries and innovations (correlates with WG19A and WG20A).

Objective 3:   **The student will demonstrate an understanding of economic and social influences on historical issues and events.**

(US2) **History.** The student understands the political, economic, and social changes in the United States from 1877 to 1898. The student is expected to

    (B)   analyze economic issues such as industrialization, the growth of railroads, the growth of labor unions, farm issues, and the rise of big business; and

    (C)   analyze social issues such as the treatment of minorities, child labor, growth of cities, and problems of immigrants.

(US4) **History.** The student understands the effects of reform and third party movements on American society. The student is expected to

    (B)   evaluate the impact of reform leaders such as Susan B. Anthony, W.E.B. DuBois, [and Robert LaFollette] on American society.

(US7) **History.** The student understands the impact of the American civil rights movement. The student is expected to

    (B)   identify significant leaders of the civil rights movement, including Martin Luther King, Jr.

(US13) **Economics.** The student understands significant economic developments between World War I and World War II. The student is expected to

    (A)   analyze causes of economic growth and prosperity in the 1920s;

    (B)   analyze the causes of the Great Depression, including the decline in worldwide trade, the stock market crash, and bank failures;

    (C)   analyze the effects of the Great Depression on the U.S. economy and government; and

    (E)   analyze how various New Deal agencies and programs such as the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, [the Securities and Exchange Commission,] and Social Security continue to affect the lives of U.S. citizens.

(US14) **Economics.** The student understands the economic effects of World War II, the Cold War, and increased worldwide competition on contemporary society. The student is expected to

    (A)   describe the economic effects of World War II on the home front, including rationing, female employment, and the end of the Great Depression; and

    (E)   describe the dynamic relationship between U.S. international trade policies and the U.S. free enterprise system.

(US21) **Culture.** The student understands how people from various groups, including racial, ethnic, and religious groups, adapt to life in the United States and contribute to our national identity. The student is expected to

    (A)   explain actions taken by people from racial, ethnic, and religious groups to expand economic opportunities and political rights in American society; and

    (D)   identify the political, social, and economic contributions of women to American society.

(US22) **Science, technology, and society.** The student understands the impact of science and technology on the economic development of the United States. The student is expected to

    (A)   explain the effects of scientific discoveries and technological innovations such as electric power, the telegraph and telephone, petroleum-based products, medical vaccinations, and computers on the development of the United States; and

    (C)   analyze the impact of technological innovations on the nature of work, the American labor movement, and businesses.

(US23) **Science, technology, and society.** The student understands the influence of scientific discoveries and technological innovations on daily life in the United States. The student is expected to

    (A)   analyze how scientific discoveries and technological innovations, including those in transportation and communication, have changed the standard of living in the United States.

(WG5) **Geography.** The student understands how political, economic, and social processes shape cultural patterns and characteristics in various places and regions. The student is expected to

    (B)   analyze political, economic, social, and demographic data to determine the level of development and standard of living in nations (correlates with WH14C).

(WG10) **Economics.** The student understands the distribution and characteristics of economic systems throughout the world. The student is expected to

    (C)   compare the ways people satisfy their basic needs through the production of goods and services such as subsistence agriculture versus market-oriented agriculture or cottage industries versus commercial industries (correlates with WH14C).

Objective 4:   **The student will demonstate an understanding of political influences on historical issues and events.**

(8.3) **History.** The student understands the foundations of representative government in the United States. The student is expected to

    (A)   explain the reasons for the growth of representative government and institutions during the colonial period.

(8.16) **Government.** The student understands the American beliefs and principles reflected in the U.S. Constitution and other important historic documents. The student is expected to

    (A)   identify the influence of ideas from historic documents including the Magna Carta, the English Bill of Rights, [the Mayflower Compact,] the Declaration of Independence, the Federalist Papers, [and selected anti-federalist writings] on the U.S. system of government; and

    (D)   analyze how the U.S. Constitution reflects the principles of limited government, republicanism, checks and balances, federalism, separation of powers, popular sovereignty, and individual rights.

(8.17) **Government.** The student understands the process of changing the U.S. Constitution and the impact of amendments on American society. The student is expected to

    (B)   describe the impact of 19th-century amendments including the 13th, 14th, and 15th amendments on life in the United States.

(8.18) **Government.** The student understands the dynamic nature of the powers of the national government and state governments in a federal system. The student is expected to

    (B)   describe historical conflicts arising over the issue of states' rights, including the Nullification Crisis and the Civil War.

(8.20) **Citizenship.** The student understands the rights and responsibilities of citizens of the United States. The student is expected to

    (A)   define and give examples of unalienable rights; and

    (B)   summarize rights guaranteed in the Bill of Rights.

(8.22) **Citizenship.** The student understands the importance of the expression of different points of view in a democratic society. The student is expected to

  (B)   describe the importance of free speech and press in a democratic society.

(US4) **History.** The student understands the effects of reform and third party movements on American society. The student is expected to

  (A)   evaluate the impact of Progressive Era reforms including [initiative, referendum, recall, and] the passage of the 16th and 17th amendments.

(US7) **History.** The student understands the impact of the American civil rights movement. The student is expected to

  (A)   trace the historical development of the civil rights movement in the 18th, 19th, and 20th centuries, including the 13th, 14th, 15th amendments; and

  (C)   evaluate government efforts, including the Civil Rights Act of 1964 to achieve equality in the United States.

(US17) **Government.** The student understands the impact of constitutional issues on American society in the 20th century. The student is expected to

  (A)   analyze the effects of 20th-century landmark U.S. Supreme Court decisions such as *Brown v. Board of Education*, [*Regents of the University of California v. Bakke*, and *Reynolds v. Sims*].

(US18) **Citizenship.** The student understands efforts to expand the democratic process. The student is expected to

  (B)   evaluate various means of achieving equality of political rights, including the 19th, 24th, and 26th amendments.

Objective 5:   The student will use critical thinking skills to analyze social studies information.

(US24) **Social studies skills.** The student applies critical-thinking skills to organize and use information acquired from a variety of sources including electronic technology. The student is expected to

  (A)   [locate and] use primary and secondary sources [such as computer software, databases, media and news services, biographies, interviews, and artifacts] to acquire information about the United States (correlates with 8.30A and WH25B);

  (B)   analyze information by sequencing, categorizing, identifying cause-and-effect relationships, comparing, contrasting, finding the main idea, summarizing, making generalizations [and predictions], and drawing inferences and conclusions (correlates with 8.30B and WH25C);

  (C)   explain and apply different methods that historians use to interpret the past, including the use of primary and secondary sources, points of view, frames of reference, and historical context (correlates with 8.30D and WH25D); and

  (F)   identify bias in written, [oral,] and visual material (correlates with 8.30F and WH25G).

(WG8) **Geography.** The student understands how people, places, and environments are connected and interdependent. The student is expected to

    (B)   compare ways that humans depend on, adapt to, and modify the physical environment using [local,] state, national, and international human activities in a variety of cultural and technological contexts (correlates with WH12B and WH12C).

(WG21) **Social studies skills.** The student applies critical-thinking skills to organize and use information acquired from a variety of sources including electronic technology. The student is expected to

    (C)   [construct and] interpret maps to answer geographic questions, infer geographic relationships, and analyze geographic change (correlates with WH11B and WH12C).

(WH26) **Social studies skills.** The student communicates in written, oral, and visual forms. The student is expected to

    (C)   interpret [and create databases, research outlines, bibliographies, and] visuals including graphs, charts, timelines, and maps (correlates with WG21C).